2022 ANNUAL REPORT TO THE CITY OF BROOMFIELD

Pursuant to §32-1-207(3)(c) and the Service Plan for Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "**District**"), the District are required to provide an annual report to the with regard to the following matters:

For the year ending December 31, 2022, the District make the following report:

§32-1-207(3) Statutory Requirements

1. Boundary changes made.

None.

2. Intergovernmental Agreements entered into or terminated.

None.

- 3. Access information to obtain a copy of rules and regulations adopted by the board. https://broomfieldvillageflatironmarketplace.com/
- **4.** A summary of litigation involving public improvements owned by the District. To our actual knowledge, based on review of the court records in Broomfield County, Colorado and the Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER), there is no litigation involving the Districts' public improvements as of December 31, 2022.
- 5. Status of the construction of public improvements by the District.

The District and the developer are currently working together on the redevelopment of Phase 1A of the project.

6. A list of facilities or improvements constructed by the District there were conveyed or dedicated to the county or municipality.

There was not any principal public infrastructure that had been completed, dedicated or accepted.

- 7. The final assessed valuation of the District as of December 31st of the reporting year. See Exhibit A.
- 8. A copy of the current year's budget.

A copy of the 2023 Budget is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

9. A copy of the audited financial statements, if required by the "Colorado Local Government Audit Law", part 6 of article 1 of title 29, or the application for exemption from audit, as applicable.

The 2022 Audit will be filed as a supplement to this report. The 2021 Audit is attached hereto as **Exhibit C.**

10. Notice of any uncured defaults existing for more than ninety (90) days under any debt instrument of the District.

None.

11. Any inability of the District to pay their obligations as they come due under any obligation which continues beyond a ninety (90) day period.

None.

Service Plan Requirements

Pursuant to Paragraph 1 of Section VII of the Amended and Restated Service Plan for Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 dated September 11, 2018, Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 is submitting this 2022 Annual Report to the City of Broomfield, Colorado. The report is to include information concerning these matters which occurred during the prior fiscal year.

For the year ending December 31, 2022, the District makes the following report:

1. Boundary changes made or proposed.

There were no boundary changes made or proposed in 2022.

2. Intergovernmental Agreements with other governmental bodies entered into or proposed.

The District did not enter into any intergovernmental agreements in 2022.

3. Changes or proposed changes in the District's policies.

There were no changes or proposed changes in the District's policies in 2022.

4. Changes or proposed changes in the District's operations.

There were no changes or proposed changes in the District's operations in 2022.

5. Changes in the financial status of the District including revenue projections or operating costs.

The District's 2023 Budget is attached in **Exhibit B**.

6. A summary of any litigation which involves the District.

There is no litigation of which we are aware currently pending or anticipated against the District.

7. Proposed plans for the year immediately following the year summarized in the Annual Report.

The District and the developer are currently working together on the redevelopment of Phase 1A of the project.

8. Status of Public Improvement Construction Schedule.

The District and the developer are currently working together on the redevelopment of Phase 1A of the project.

9. Submission of current assessed valuation in the District.

The assessed valuation for Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2, as certified by the Broomfield County Assessor on December 1, 2022, is attached in **Exhibit A**.

EXHIBIT A 2022 Assessed Valuation

\$3,813,318

\$7,537,782

\$2,946,270

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$0

10. \$\$0.00

11. \$\$0.00

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

City & County of COUNTY ASSESSOR

Date 11/18/2022

BROOMFIELD VILLAGE METRO #2 GENERAL NAME OF TAX ENTITY:

USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION (*5.5%" LIMIT) ONLY

	ORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) and 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, T	ΓHE ASSE	SSOR
CERTIF	TES THE TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR $\underline{2022}$:		
1.	PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	1.	\$ <u>6,138,748</u>
2.	CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: ±	2.	\$11.351.100

- LESS TOTAL TIF AREA INCREMENTS, IF ANY: 3. 4.
 - CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:
- 5. NEW CONSTRUCTION: *
- 6. INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINE: ≈
- 7. ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:
- 8. PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: ≈
- 9. NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS LEASEHOLD OR LAND (29-1-301(1)(b), C.R.S.): Φ
- TAXES RECEIVED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-10. 301(1)(a), C.R.S.). Includes all revenue collected on valuation not previously certified:
- TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a), C.R.S.) and (39-10-11. 114(1)(a)(I)(B), C.R.S.):
- This value reflects personal property exemptions IF enacted by the jurisdiction as authorized by Art. X, Sec. 20(8)(b), Colo. Constitution New Construction is defined as: Taxable real property structures and the personal property connected with the structure.
- Jurisdiction must submit to the Division of Local Government respective Certifications of Impact in order for the values to be treated as growth in the limit calculation: use Forms DLG 52 & 52 A.
- Jurisdiction must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit calculation; use Form DLG 52B. Φ

USE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ART.X, SEC.20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 39-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE City & County of Broomfield County ASSESSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2022

1.	CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: ¶	
----	---	--

\$94,424,680

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$0

ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY

- \$43,327,500 2. 2. CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * 3. 3. ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: \$0
- INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: § 4.
- 5. PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:
- OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: 6.
- TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX 7. WARRANT: (If land and/or a structure is picked up as omitted property for multiple years, only the most current year's actual value can be reported as omitted property.):

DELETIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY

8. DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS:

8. \$0

4.

5.

6.

7.

9. DISCONNECTIONS/EXCLUSIONS: 9. \$0

10. PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY: 10. \$0

- Construction is defined as newly constructed taxable real property structures.
- ş Includes production from new mines and increases in production of existing producing mines.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS: TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY \$96,403,310

This includes the actual value of all taxable real property plus the actual value of religious, private school, and charitable real property.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1.5), C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR PROVIDES:

HB21-1312 ASSESSED VALUE OF EXEMPT BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (ESTIMATED): **

\$30,047

The tax revenue lost due to this exempted value will be reimbursed to the tax entity by the County Treasurer in accordance with 39-3-119.5(3), C.R.S.

NOTE: ALL LEVIES MUST BE CERTIFIED to the COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 15.

EXHIBIT B 2023 Budget

BROOMFIELD VILLAGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 2023 BUDGET MESSAGE

Attached please find a copy of the adopted 2023 budget for the Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2.

The Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 has adopted budgets for two funds, a General Fund to provide for the payment of general operating and parking garage expenditures; and a Debt Service Fund to provide for payments on the outstanding bond debt.

The district's accountants have utilized the modified accrual basis of accounting and the budget has been adopted after proper postings, publications, and public hearing.

The primary sources of revenue for the district in 2023 will be the retention of a portion of the City of Broomfield's 3.5% sales tax rate on sales generated from the commercial property within the district, and property taxes. The sales tax revenue is pledged for the retirement of debt. The district intends to impose a 55.000 mill levy on the property within the district for 2023, of which 5.000 mills will be dedicated to the General Fund and the balance of 50.000 mills will be allocated to the Debt Service Fund. Ending balances in the Debt Service fund are reserved for debt retirement.

Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 Adopted Budget General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Actual <u>2021</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2022</u>	Actual 6/30/2022	Estimate 2022	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -
Revenues:					
Property taxes	41,395	39,634	28,587	35,000	37,689
Urban renewal - TIF	(2,778)	(8,940)	(8,567)	(8,000)	19,067
Urban renewal - TIF	2,778	8,940	8,567	8,000	-
Interest income	29	100	4	100	100
Total revenues	41,424	39,734	28,591	35,100	56,856
Total funds available	41,424	39,734	28,592	35,100	56,856
Expenditures:					
Treasurer's fees	622	595	556	525	565
Urban Renewal - TIF	-	(134)	(129)	(130)	-
Transfer to Flatiron Marketplace	40,802	39,255	28,165	34,610	56,291
Emergency reserve		18		95	
Total expenditures	41,424	39,734	28,592	35,100	56,856
Ending fund balance	<u> -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u> -</u>
Gross Assessed valuation		\$ 7,926,836			\$ 11,351,100
TIF Increment		\$ 1,788,088			\$ 3,813,318
Net Assessed Valuation		\$ 6,138,748			\$ 7,537,782
NOT ASSESSED VARIABION		ψ 0,130,740			Ψ 1,331,102
Mill Levy		5.000			5.000

Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 Adopted Budget Debt Service Fund GO Bonds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Actual <u>2021</u>		Adopted Budget <u>2022</u>		Actual 6/30/2022		Estimate 2022		Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ 115,096	\$	1,576,928	\$	1,422,676	\$	1,507,899	\$	1,319,041
Revenues: Property taxes Property taxes excluded area 1	434,977 -		396,342 12,978		272,696 26,153		386,805 12,978		376,889 11,105
Property taxes excluded area 2 Urban renewal - TIF Urban renewal - TIF	(27,784) 27,784		70,362 - -		69,961 (86,534) 86,534		70,362 (87,561) 87,561		71,680 - 194,256
Specific ownership taxes BURA Broomfield Mill levy only Phase 1a	28,725 -		28,102 7,561		12,084 -		22,000		38,720 70,006
BURA TIF mill levy excludes Broomfield Bond proceeds Bond premium	7,320,000 728,633		18,108 - -		-		-		167,658 - -
Transfer from Capital Projects Fund Interest income	 547,916 408		-	_	3,344		- 		- -
Total revenues	 9,060,659		533,453	_	384,238	_	492,145		930,314
Total funds available	 9,175,755		2,110,381		1,806,914		2,000,044		2,249,355
Expenditures: Interest G/O Bonds Bond principal G/O Bonds	498,545 6,660,000		667,500		293,750		587,500 80,000		583,500 170,000
Treasurer's fees Treasurer's fees - TIF Cost of issuance	6,529 - 499,282		16,285 - -		6,801 (1,298)		6,801 (1,298)		16,285 -
Trustee / paying agent fees	 3,500	_	8,000	_			8,000		15,000
Total expenditures	 7,667,856	_	691,785		299,253		681,003		784,785
Ending fund balance	\$ 1,507,899	\$	1,418,596	\$	1,507,661	\$	1,319,041	\$	1,464,570
Gross Assessed valuation TIF Increment			7,926,836 1,788,088					<u>\$</u> \$	11,351,100 3,813,318
Net Assessed Valuation Lot 9 exclusion		_	6,138,748					\$	7,537,782
Gross Assessed valuation		\$	350,760					\$	338,610
TIF Increment Net Assessed Valuation		\$ \$	1,657 349,103					\$	38,472 300,138
Fashion District exclusion Gross Assessed valuation			1,901,670						1,982,340
TIF Increment		_	21,772					_	45,039
Net Assessed Valuation		\$	1,879,898					\$	1,937,301
Mill Levy Mill levy excluded areas		_	50.000 37.000					_	50.000 37.000

Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 Adopted Budget Debt Service Fund Revenue Bonds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Actual <u>2021</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2022</u>	Actual <u>6/30/2022</u>	Estimate 2022	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ -	\$ 84,587	\$ 140,788	\$ 55,565	\$ 110,603
Revenues: Sales tax revenue Interest income	206,565	150,000 1,000	· ·	210,000	210,000 1,000
Total revenues	206,565	151,000	120,850	210,038	211,000
Total funds available	206,565	235,587	261,638	265,603	321,603
Expenditures: Interest Sales Tax Bonds 2011 Trustee / paying agent fees	151,000	150,000 5,000	· ·	150,000 5,000	316,603 5,000
Total expenditures	151,000	155,000	115,500	155,000	321,603
Ending fund balance	\$ 55,565	\$ 80,587	\$ 146,138	\$ 110,603	<u> </u>

Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 Adopted Budget Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Actual <u>2021</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2022</u>	Actual 6/30/2022	Estimate 2022	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ -	\$ 505	\$ 346,659	\$ 346,659	\$ -
Revenues: Developer advances	-	-	-	394,782	-
Bond proceeds	4,430,000	-	-	-	-
Bond premium	315,505	348,341	-	-	-
Interest income	56		783	1,000	
Total revenues	4,745,561	348,341	783	395,782	
Total funds available	4,745,561	348,846	347,442	742,441	
Expenditures:					
Bond issuance costs	296,503	-	-	_	_
Capital improvements	3,554,483	348,846	-	742,441	-
Transfer to Debt Service Fund	547,916				
Total expenditures	4,398,902	348,846		742,441	
Ending fund balance	\$ 346,659	<u> -</u>	\$ 347,442	\$ -	\$ -

EXHIBIT C 2021 Audit

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2021

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2
City and County of Broomfield, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Supplemental Information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and was not a required part of the financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and is derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Hiratsuka & Associates, LLP

September 27, 2022 Wheat Ridge, Colorado

ASSETS	<u>C</u>	<u>General</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital Project		<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of Net <u>Position</u>
Cash and investments - restricted	\$	-	\$	1,507,499	\$	346,659	\$	1,854,158	\$ -	\$ 1,854,158
Receivable county treasurer		_		1,977		-		1,977	-	1,977
Property taxes receivable		30,694		319,854		-		350,548	-	350,548
Accounts receivable - Flatiron Market Place		-		18,145		-		18,145	-	18,145
Accounts receivable - City of Broomfield Capital assets not being depreciated		- -	_	35,843		- -	_	35,843	3,554,483	35,843 3,554,483
Total Assets	\$	30,694	\$	1,883,318	\$	346,659	\$	2,260,671	3,554,483	5,815,154
LIABILITIES										
Accrued interest on bonds Long-term liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	2,175,745	2,175,745
Due within one year		-		-		-		-	80,000	80,000
Due in more than one year		_	_			_	_		33,618,732	33,618,732
Total Liabilities			_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	35,874,477	35,874,477
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred gain on refunding		-		-		-		-	1,829,539	1,829,539
Deferred property taxes		30,694	_	319,854			_	350,548		350,548
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		30,694	_	319,854	_		_	350,548	1,829,539	2,180,087
FUND BALANCE Restricted for										
Emergencies		20						20	(20)	
Debt service		-		1,563,464		-		1,563,464	(1,563,464)	-
Capital projects		-		1,303,404		346,659		346,659	(346,659)	-
Unassigned		(20)		<u> </u>		-		(20)	20	<u> </u>
Total Fund Balances				1,563,464		346,659		1,910,123	(1,910,123)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Φ.	20.604	Ф	1.002.210	Ф	246.650	ф	2 2 6 6 7 1		
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	30,694	\$	1,883,318	\$	346,659	\$	2,260,671		
NET POSITION										
Restricted for:										
Emergencies									20	20
Capital projects									346,659	346,659
Unrestricted									(32,586,089)	(32,586,089)
Total Net Position (Deficit)									\$ (32,239,410)	\$ (32,239,410)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - ${\bf GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS}$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>General</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital <u>Project</u>	<u>Total</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
EXPENDITURES						
Treasurer's fees	\$ 622	\$ 6,529	\$ -	\$ 7,151	\$ -	\$ 7,151
Bond principal - GO Bonds Series 2003	-	6,660,000	-	6,660,000	(6,660,000)	-
Bond interest - GO Bonds Series 2003	-	216,219	-	216,219	(34,688)	181,531
Bond interest - Series 2011	-	151,000	-	151,000	77,619	228,619
Bond interest - Series 2021	-	282,326	-	282,326	22,025	304,351
Capital improvements	-	-	3,554,483	3,554,483	(3,554,483)	-
Parking structure conveyed to other government	-	-		-	4,740,532	4,740,532
Transfer to Flatiron Marketplace MD	40,802	-	-	40,802	-	40,802
Trustee/paying agent fees/TIF	-	3,500	-	3,500	-	3,500
Bond cost of issuance	-	499,282	296,503	795,785	-	795,785
Depreciation					217,124	217,124
Total Expenditures	41,424	7,818,856	3,850,986	11,711,266	(5,191,870)	6,519,396
GENERAL REVENUES						
Property taxes	41,395	434,977	_	476,372	_	476,372
Urban renewal-TIF	(2,778)		_	(30,562)	_	(30,562)
Urban renewal-TIF	2,778	27,784	_	30,562	_	30,562
Specific ownership taxes	-	28,725	_	28,725	_	28,725
Interest income	29	408	56	493	-	493
Total General Revenues	41,424	464,110	56	505,590		505,590
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES						
Sales tax revenues		206,565		206,565		206,565
Total Intergovernmental revenues		206,565		206,565		206,565
Total revenues	41,424	670,675	56	712,155		712,155
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	(7,148,181)	(3,850,930)	(10,999,111)	5,191,870	(5,807,241)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bond proceeds	-	7,320,000	4,430,000	11,750,000	(11,750,000)	_
Bond premium	-	728,633	315,505	1,044,138	(1,044,138)	_
Transfer from other funds		547,916	(547,916)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		8,596,549	4,197,589	12,794,138	(12,794,138)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	1,448,368	346,659	1,795,027	(7,602,268)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						(5,807,241)
FUND BALANCE/DEFICIT NET POSITION		14-00-		11500	(0.C. 5.15.0.C.)	(0.6.400.4.60)
BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	115,096		115,096	(26,547,265)	(26,432,169)
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 1,563,464	\$ 346,659	\$ 1,910,123	\$ (34,149,533)	\$ (32,239,410)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Varian	ce
	Origina	l & Final		Favoral	ole
	Bu	<u>dget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	44,117	\$ 41,395	\$ (2,	,722)
Urban renewal-TIF		(2,775)	(2,778)		(3)
Urban renewal-TIF		2,775	2,778		3
Interest income		100	29		(71)
Total Revenues		44,217	41,424	(2,	793)
EXPENDITURES					
Transfer to Flatiron Marketplace MD		43,577	40,802	2,	775
Treasurer's fees		620	622		(2)
Emergency reserve		20			20
Total Expenditures		44,217	41,424	2,	793
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-		-
BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>-</u>			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>		\$ -	\$	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 2 ("District"), located in the City and County of Broomfield, Colorado ("Broomfield"), conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located entirely within the limits of Broomfield. The District has the power to provide water, sanitation, storm drainage, streets, traffic and safety controls, park and recreation improvements and other related improvements for the benefit of the taxpayers and service users within the boundaries of the District. The District was organized concurrently with Broomfield Village Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District No.1"). The District was established to finance the construction, operation and maintenance of the facilities located within the District and District No. 1. All of the improvements were constructed by District No.1. The District's Service Plan required District No.1 to convey the constructed improvements to Broomfield or other entities for ownership and maintenance. On August 16, 2006, District No. 1 deeded all capital assets not previously conveyed to Broomfield to the District by way of a Special Warranty Deed for \$10. Concurrently, District No. 1 was dissolved. Upon the dissolution of District No. 1, the District served as both the financing district and the servicing district. As such, the District is responsible for the financing activities and for providing day to day operations and administrative management. On April 22, 2020, the District approved a District Coordinating Services Agreement with an effective date of October 1, 2019, between the District and Flatiron Marketplace Metropolitan District ("Flatiron"). Flatiron became the Coordinating District and the District the Financing District, Flatiron agreed to perform the administrative services as outlined in the agreement and the District agreed to fund these costs based upon approved budgets.

The District's primary revenues are property taxes and sales tax revenues. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are collected.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District amended its total appropriations in the Debt Service Fund from \$7,027,226 to \$7,500,000 as a result of the issuance of the Series 2021 A-1 Bonds and the Series 2021 A-2 Bonds, and in the Capital Projects Fund from \$3,820,000 to \$4,800,000 due to expected additional capital improvements.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2021, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash on hand. Investments for the District are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting under this category at December 31, 2021.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available and a deferred gain on refunding that is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Gain on Refunding

The gain on refunding from the issuance of the 2011 Bonds is being amortized over the terms of the bonds using the straight line method. The original issue premium related to the Series 2021 Bonds is being amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Accumulated amortization of gain on refunding and the original issue premium amounted to \$1,836,928 and \$26,966 respectively at December 31, 2021.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. On August 16, 2006, District No. 1 transferred all of the capital assets constructed by District No.1 to the District by way of Special Warranty Deed. The capital assets have been recorded at their book value net of accumulated depreciation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. During 2021, the District conveyed the parking garage to other governmental entities.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$20 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$1,563,464 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the District's Bonds (see Note 4).

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$346,659 is restricted for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within the District.

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund; all funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets. At December 31, 2021, the District did not have any net investment in capital assets to report.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2021, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments – Restricted	<u>\$ 1,854,158</u>
Total	\$1,854,158

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 752
Investments – COLOTRUST	1,739,960
Investments – MSILF Treasury	113,446
Total	<u>\$ 1,854,158</u>

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The District's investments values are calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"), is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. On December 31, 2021, the District had \$1,739,960 invested in COLOTRUST Plus+.

Morgan Stanley Treasury Portfolio

The District's funds that were included in the trust accounts at UMB Bank were invested in the Morgan Stanley Treasury Portfolio ("Portfolio"). This Portfolio is a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. All investments within the Portfolio are recorded at fair value and the District records its investment in the Portfolio at NAV. The Portfolio is AAAm rated and invests exclusively in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. The maturity of the underlying securities is 15 days or less. As of December 31, 2021, the District has \$113,446 invested in the fund.

Note 3: Capital Assets

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

	Balance				
Governmental Type Activities:	1/1/2021	Additions	Deletions	1	2/31/2021
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 3,554,483	\$ -	\$	3,554,483
Capital assets being depreciated:	<u></u>				
Parking structure	13,027,430	-	13,027,430		-
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,069,774)	(217,124)	(8,286,898)		_
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,957,656	(217,124)	4,740,532		_
Government type assets, net	\$ 4,957,656	\$ 3,337,359	\$ 4,740,532	\$	3,554,483

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Note 4: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2021, is as follows:

General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds - Series 2003

On December 3, 2003, the District issued \$9,715,000 of General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2003 ("Series 2003 Bonds"), to refund the General Obligation Limited Mill Levy Bonds, Series 2000B, and to provide funds to reimburse the Developer for certain obligations. The Series 2003 Bonds were term bonds due December 1, 2032, with mandatory sinking fund payments starting December 1, 2004, and increasing annually thereafter. The Series 2003 Bonds bore interest at 6.25%, to be paid on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The Series 2003 Bonds were payable solely from a mill levy of not more than 46 mills. During 2019 and 2020, the District was unable to make the full principal payment on the Series 2003 Bonds. The required mill levy was assessed during 2019 and 2020, therefore, these were not events of default. The unpaid principal amount was included in the current debt obligations.

The Series 2003 Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2015 were subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, on December 1, 2013, through November 30, 2014 with a premium of 1% and callable on December 1, 2014 and thereafter with no premium. The net effect of the refunding transaction resulted in an extension of the maturity from 2020 to 2032.

On June 7, 2021, the Series 2003 Bonds were refunded in full with the issuance of the Series 2021 A-1 Bonds and the Series 2021 A-2 Bonds.

Special Obligation Revenue Bonds – Series 2011

On March 23, 2011, the District issued \$22,600,000 of Special Revenue Variable Rate Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 ("Series 2011 Bonds") to refund the Special Obligation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 2003B and 2003C. The Bonds are cash flow bonds due July 1, 2032.

The Series 2011 Bonds bear variable interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 1.50% (150 basis points), but not in excess of 8.50% per annum (the "Interest Rate"), calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. Interest on the Bonds shall be payable to the extent of Pledged Revenue available therefore on each July 1 and January 1, commencing on July 1, 2011. The initial Interest Rate will be established as of the date of issuance of the Bonds, and shall apply until the first interest payment date. Thereafter, the Interest Rate shall be determined and reset as of each July 1 and January 1.

The Series 2011 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, on any July 1, upon payment of par plus accrued interest, without redemption premium to the extent that the Pledged Revenue available exceeds the amount required to pay the interest on the bonds on July 1st.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The Series 2011 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District on any interest payments date upon payment of par and accrued interest plus a redemption premium of 1%. The Series 2011 Bonds are payable solely from payments of certain sales tax receipts to be made to the District by Broomfield pursuant to the Amended Sales Tax Reimbursement Agreement. During 2021, the District was unable to pay the required interest payment from the available sales tax revenue, the unpaid balance is included in accrued interest, this is not an event of default.

Due to the uncertainty of the timing of the principal and interest on the Series 2011 Bonds, a schedule of the timing of these payments is not available.

General Obligation Limited Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021 A-1

On June 8, 2021, the District issued \$7,320,000 of General Obligation Limited Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 A-1 ("Series 2021 A-1 Bonds"), to refund the Series 2003 Bonds. The Series 2021A-1 Bonds are term bonds due December 1, 2049, with mandatory sinking fund payments starting December 1, 2022. The Series 2021 A-1 Bonds bear interest at 5.00%, to be paid on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The Series 2021 A-1 Bonds are payable from Pledged Revenue, which includes the following: (i) the 2021A-1 Required Mill Levy, including any District TIF produced from the imposition of the 2021A-1 Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the 2021A-1 Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as 2021A-1 Pledged Revenue. The 2021A-1 Bonds are additionally secured by the 2021A-1 Reserve Fund, which will be funded with proceeds of the 2021A-1 Bonds capitalized interest, and by amounts in the 2021A-1 Surplus Fund. The 2021A-1 Surplus Fund will not be funded as of the date of issuance of the 2021A-1 Bonds.

The 2021A-1 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2026, through November 30, 2029 upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium ranging from 3% to 1%. On December 1, 2029 and any date thereafter, the District may redeem the Series 2021 A-1 Bonds without a redemption premium.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2021 A-1 Bonds.

	Principal	Interest		Total
2022	\$ 80,000	\$	366,000	\$ 446,000
2023	80,000		362,000	442,000
2024	90,000		358,000	448,000
2025	95,000		353,500	448,500
2026	110,000		348,750	458,750
2027-2031	680,000		1,653,500	2,333,500
2032-2036	995,000		1,453,750	2,448,750
2037-2041	1,390,000		1,168,000	2,558,000
2042-2046	1,920,000		770,000	2,690,000
2047-2049	1,880,000		212,000	 2,092,000
	\$ 7,320,000	\$	7,045,500	\$ 14,365,500

General Obligation Limited Tax and Revenue Bonds Series 2021 A-2

On June 8, 2021, the District issued \$4,430,000 of General Obligation Limited Tax and Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 A-2 ("Series 2021 A-2 Bonds"), to fund and reimburse a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing certain public improvements. The Series 2021A-2 Bonds are term bonds due December 1, 2049, with mandatory sinking fund payments beginning December 1, 2023. The Series 2021 A-2 Bonds bear interest at 5.00%, to be paid on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The Series 2021 A-2 Bonds are payable from Pledged Revenue, which includes the following: (i) the 2021A-2 Required Mill Levy, including any District TIF produced from the imposition of the 2021A-2 Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the 2021A-2 Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as 2021A-2 Pledged Revenue. The 2021A-2 Bonds are additionally secured by the 2021A-2 Reserve Fund, which will be funded with proceeds of the 2021A-2 Bonds capitalized interest, and by amounts in the 2021A-2 Surplus Fund.

The 2021A-2 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2024, through November 30, 2029 upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium ranging from 3% to 1%. On December 1, 2029 and any date thereafter, the District may redeem the Series 2021 A-1 Bonds without a redemption premium.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2021 A-2 Bonds.

	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ -	\$ 221,500	\$ 221,500
2023	90,000	221,500	311,500
2024	100,000	217,000	317,000
2025	105,000	212,000	317,000
2026	115,000	206,750	321,750
2027-2031	700,000	940,000	1,640,000
2032-2036	995,000	736,750	1,731,750
2037-2041	1,035,000	462,250	1,497,250
2042-2046	640,000	252,500	892,500
2047-2049	 650,000	 79,000	 729,000
	\$ 4,430,000	\$ 3,549,250	\$ 7,979,250

Developer Advance

On October 23, 2013 the District entered into to an Operations Funding Agreement with Flatiron Marketplace 2013, L.P., ("Flatiron"), whereby Flatiron agreed to provide advances to the District for Operations and Maintenance costs up to \$40,000. This agreement had an initial termination date of December 31, 2014 but may be renewed on an annual basis pursuant to an annual review. A renewal is currently being discussed by the parties, with the Developer paying parking garage expenses directly until finalized.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2021:

	Balance 1/1/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2021	Current Portion
General Obligation Bonds:					
Series 2003 Bonds	\$ 6,660,000	\$ -	\$ 6,660,000	\$ -	\$ -
Series 2021 A-1	-	7,320,000	-	7,320,000	80,000
Series 2021 A-2		4,430,000		4,430,000	
	6,660,000	11,750,000	6,660,000	11,750,000	80,000
Other:	_				
Series 2011 Bonds	20,875,000	-	-	20,875,000	-
Developer advance	56,527			56,527	
	20,931,527			20,931,527	
Premium		1,044,138	26,933	\$ 1,017,205	
	\$ 27,591,527	\$ 12,794,138	\$ 6,686,933	\$ 33,698,732	\$ 80,000
	_	16 -			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2021, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$735,000,000. The District did not budgeted to issue any new debt during 2022. In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized, but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area, however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

Note 5: Related Party

All of the Board of Directors are either employees of, or consultants to, the owner of the majority of the property within the District.

The District and the landowner have entered into a management agreement with the landowner where the landowner has agreed to provide management services to the District for a fee equal to 15% of the annual maintenance costs. The District did not incur any management fees during the year ended December 31, 2021.

Note 6: <u>Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

A majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Note 7: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool) is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 8: <u>District Agreements</u>

Intergovernmental Agreement – Broomfield

The District and Broomfield have entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement as required by Broomfield's Code and the District's Service Plan. The District entered into the agreement with Broomfield to define the arrangements for the construction of facilities within the Districts. The District issued revenue bonds to pay for the facilities. Broomfield agreed to set aside 65% of its sales and use taxes collected within the service areas of the District to help pay for the facilities constructed by the Districts. Broomfield's obligation to pay such taxes ends in 2032 or when the costs of the facilities have been reimbursed.

The District is required to fund, on an annual basis, the amount of actual service costs that it would be capable of funding through property tax revenue and other fee revenue.

Amended and Restated Service Plan

On September 11, 2018, Broomfield approved an Amended and Restated Service Plan for the District. The Service Plan was amended to (1) provide a updated Financial Plan incorporating current development and build-out assumptions and resultant debt capacity; (2) to authorize debt in accordance with the capacity shown in the Financial Plan; (3) to establish the District's debt service mill levy cap at 50 mills; and (4) to authorize limited operations functions for those operations, not otherwise provided by another entity, including operation and maintenance of landscape, streetscape, drainage, and parks and trails.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Agreement Pertaining to Redevelopment of Flatiron Marketplace Lifestyle District

On January 20, 2019, the District, Broomfield, the Broomfield Urban Renewal Authority (BURA), Flatiron Marketplace 2013, LP (FM 2013), and Flatiron Marketplace Metropolitan District entered into the Agreement Pertaining to Redevelopment of Flatiron Marketplace Lifestyle District. The FM 2013 and the District agreed to cooperate to repair and restore the parking structure such that certain areas within the parking structure will provide private parking that is designated for and restricted to use by the multi-family component of the redevelopment and certain areas within the parking structure will provide parking for the general public. Pursuant to the Parking Rights Declaration (Recorded on June 16, 2000 at Reception No. 2053621), Broomfield may acquire the parking structure and the parcel from the District without charge. In order to facilitate the restoration, repair, and deferred maintenance, and integration of the parking structure into the redevelopment, Broomfield assigned its acquisition right to BURA. Pursuant to the Agreement the District will convey the parcel and the parking structure to BURA without charge, and BURA will convey the parcel and the parking structure to FM 2013 or their designee without charge. This conveyance occurred during 2021 with the refunding of the Series 2003 Bonds (see Note 4).'

Parking Easement Agreement

On October 1, 2019, the District and Residences at Flatiron Marketplace LP (Builder), entered into a Parking Easement Agreement (Easement). The Easement grants the Builder the right to access the parking structure, and the parcel of land on which the parking structure is located, in order to perform capital improvements, repairs and deferred maintenance. The Easement also reserves parking spaces for the residents of the multi-family buildings that will be adjacent to the parking structure and outlines the terms under which the reserved parking spaces can be used. The Easement also designates the Builder as the operator and manager of the parking structure. Operating costs are allocated between the District and the Builder based on the percentage of spaces each party controls.

Note 9: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The <u>Government Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments may have the following elements:

- 1) Capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and,
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and accrued bond interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds; and,
- 3) Deferred gain on refunding is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The <u>Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, <u>and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments may have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are held as construction in process pending transfer to other governmental entities or depreciated over their useful lives;
- 2) Government funds do not report conveyance of capital improvements as expenditures;
- 3) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities;
- 4) governmental funds report bond proceeds as revenue; and,
- 5) governmental funds report the repayment of bond principal as expenditures; however, these are reported as reductions in long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fa	'ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES	•	407.000	Φ.	107.000	Φ.	•••	Φ.	04.565
Sales tax revenues	\$	- /	\$	- /	\$	206,565	\$	81,565
Property taxes		441,171		441,171		434,977		(6,194)
Urban renewal-TIF		(27,749)		(27,749)		(27,784)		(35)
Urban renewal-TIF		27,749		27,749		27,784		35
Specific ownership taxes		26,933		26,933		28,725		1,792
Interest income		6,000		6,000	_	408		(5,592)
Total Revenues		599,104		599,104		670,675		71,571
EXPENDITURES								
Bond principal - GO Bonds Series 2003		-		_		6,660,000	((6,660,000)
Bond interest - GO Bonds Series 2003		426,235		426,235		216,219		210,016
Bond interest - Series 2011		125,000		125,000		151,000		(26,000)
Bond interest - Series 2021		_		300,000		282,326		17,674
Trustee/paying agent fees/TIF		10,500		10,500		3,500		7,000
Bond cost of issuance		304,547		477,281		499,282		(22,001)
Treasurer's fees		6,297		6,297		6,529		(232)
Total Expenditures		872,579		1,345,313	_	7,818,856	((6,473,543)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(273,475)		(746,209)		(7,148,181)	((6,401,972)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bond proceeds		7,005,000		8,050,000		7,320,000		(730,000)
Bond premium		_		-		728,633		728,633
Payment to refunding agent		(6,154,687)		(6,154,687)		-		6,154,687
Transfer from other funds		546,737		546,737		547,916		1,179
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,397,050		2,442,050		8,596,549		6,154,499
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,123,575		1,695,841		1,448,368		(247,473)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		108,706		108,706		115,096		6,390
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,232,281	\$	1,804,547	\$	1,563,464	\$	(241,083)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

REVENUES		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Ac</u>	tual_	F	variance avorable favorable)
Interest income	\$		\$ -	\$	56	\$	56
interest meone	Ψ		ψ	Ψ	30	Ψ	
Total Revenues			-		56		399,014
EXPENDITURES							
Capital improvements		3,105,000	3,950,000	3,5	554,483		395,517
Bond cost of issuance		168,263	300,000	2	296,503		3,497
Project management							_
Total Expenditures		3,273,263	4,250,000	3,8	350,986		399,014
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	((3,273,263)	(4,250,000)	(3,8	350,930)		798,028
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Bond proceeds		3,820,000	4,800,000	4,4	130,000		(370,000)
Bond premium		-	-	3	315,505		315,505
Transfer to other funds		(546,737)	(550,000)	(5	547,916)		2,084
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,273,263	4,250,000	4,1	97,589		(52,411)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	3	346,659		745,617
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>-</u>					<u>-</u> .
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$ -	\$ 3	346,659	\$	745,617